## MATHEMATICS <br> MEDIUM TERM PLAN - Y5

| Concept | National Curriculum Objectives | Key Skills | Concrete Resources | Vocabulary |
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| Number <br> Place Value <br> (Autumn Term) | - read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000000 and determine the value of each digit <br> - count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000 <br> - interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero <br> - round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10 , 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000 <br> - solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above <br> - read Roman numerals to $1000(\mathrm{M})$ and recognise years written in Roman numerals. | - Roman numerals to 1000 <br> - Numbers to 10,000 <br> - Numbers to 100,000 <br> - Numbers to 1,000,000 <br> - Read and write numbers to 1,000,000 <br> - Powers of 10 <br> - $10,100,1000,10000,100000$ more or less <br> - Partition numbers to 1000000 <br> - Number line to 1000000 <br> - Compare and order numbers to 100,000 <br> - Compare and order numbers to 1,000,000 <br> - Round to the nearest 10,100 or 1000 <br> - Round within 100,000 <br> - Round within $1,000,000$ |  | number, numeral, equal to, more, less, consecutive, one, tens, hundred, thousands, ten thousands, millions, place value, represent, exchange, more, fewer, smaller, bigger, largest, compare, order, size, last, before, after, next, above, digit |
| Number <br> Addition and Subtraction <br> (Autumn Term) | - add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) <br> - add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers <br> - use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy <br> - solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. | - Mental strategies <br> - Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits <br> - Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits <br> - Round to check answers <br> - Inverse operations (addition and subtraction ) <br> - Multi-step addition and subtraction problems <br> - Compare calculations <br> - Find missing numbers |  | Addition, add, more, and, total, altogether, double, near double, half, halve, subtract, takeaway, how many are left?, fewer, difference between, equals, is the same as, number bonds/pairs/facts, missing number, tens boundary, hundreds boundary, ones boundary, tenths boundary, inverse |


| Number <br> Multiplication and Division (1) <br> (Autumn Term) | - identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of 2 numbers <br> - know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers <br> - establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 <br> - multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1,000 <br> - recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared ( ${ }^{2}$ ) and cubed ( ${ }^{3}$ ) <br> - solve problems involving multiplication and division, including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes | - Multiples <br> - Common multiples <br> - Factors <br> - Common factors <br> - Prime numbers <br> - Square numbers <br> - Cube numbers <br> - Multiply by 10,100 and 1000 <br> - Divide by $10,100,1000$ <br> - Multiples of $10,100,1000$ |  | Multiplication, multiply, multiplied by, multiple, factor, groups of, times, product, array, rows, columns, repeated addition, division, dividing, divided into, left over, remainder, grouping, sharing, sharing equally, equal groups of, doubling, halving, number patterns, multiplication table, multiplication fact, division fact, inverse square, squared, cube, cubed |
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| Number <br> Fractions (1) <br> (Autumn Term) | - compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number <br> - identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths <br> - recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number[for example, $2 / 55^{4} / 5=6 / 5=1^{1 / 5}$ ] <br> - add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number <br> - multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams <br> - recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 , and as a decimal | - Find fractions equivalent to a unit fraction <br> - Find fractions equivalent to a non-unit fraction <br> - Recognise equivalent fractions <br> - Convert improper fractions to mixed numbers <br> - Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions <br> - Compare fractions less than 1 <br> - Order fractions less than 1 <br> - Compare and order fractions greater than 1 <br> - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator <br> - Add fractions within 1 <br> - Add fractions with total greater than 1 <br> - Add to a mixed number <br> - Add two mixed numbers <br> - Subtract fractions <br> - Subtract from a mixed number <br> - Subtract from a mixed number - breaking the whole <br> - Subtract two mixed numbers |  | Fraction, equivalent fraction, mixed number, numerator, denominator, equal part, equal grouping, equal sharing, parts of a whole, half, two halves, one of two equal parts, quarter, two quarters, three quarters, one of four equal parts, one third, two thirds, one of three equal parts, sixths, sevenths, eighths, tenths, hundredths, thousandths |



| Number <br> Decimals and Percentage <br> (Spring Term) | - read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71={ }^{71} / 100$ ] <br> - recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents <br> - round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place <br> - read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places <br> - solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <br> - recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 , and as a decimal <br> - solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 . | - Decimals up to 2 d.p <br> - Decimals as fractions <br> - Understand thousandths <br> - Thousandths as decimals <br> - Rounding decimals <br> - Order and compare decimals <br> - Understand percentages <br> - Percentages as fractions and decimals <br> - Equivalent F.D.P |  | Decimal, decimal fraction, decimal point, decimal place, decimal equivalent, ones, tenths, hundredths, value, digit, represents, proportion, in every, for every, percentage, per cent, \% |
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| Measurement <br> Perimeter and Area <br> (Spring Term) | - measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres <br> - calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ and estimate the area of irregular shapes | - Measure perimeter <br> - Perimeter on a grid <br> - Perimeter of rectilinear shapes <br> - Calculate perimeter <br> - Area of rectangles <br> - Area of compound shapes <br> - Area of irregular shapes |  | Millilitre, centimetre, metre, kilometre, length, height, width, long, short, tall, high, low, wide, narrow, thick, thin, longer, shorter, taller, higher, longest, shortest, tallest, highest, far, furthest, near, close distance apart, perimeter, ruler, metre stick, tape measure, area, covers, squared centimetre |
| Statistics <br> (Spring Term) | - solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph <br> - complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. | - Interpret charts <br> - Line graphs <br> - Read and interpret line graphs <br> - Draw line graphs <br> - Use line graphs to solve problems <br> - Read and interpret tables <br> - Two way tables <br> - Timetables |  | Count, tally, sort, vote, graph, represent block graph, pictogram, group, set, list, table, chart, bar chart, frequency table, Carroll diagram , Venn diagram, label title, axis, axes, diagram, most popular, least popular, most common, least common, maximum , minimum value, outcome |





